



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Keegan C2811
Animals in Distress

Poss ST mass effect best seen on lat view dorsal to caudal margin soft palate.
Palpate cervix - poss palp mass effect Left jugular furrow area, LN?
Pt has Nasal stertor. Doctor looked above soft palate and did nit find anything abnormal.

SPECIES RADIOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE HEAD

Feline

Lateral and ventrodorsal images of the head totaling 3 images available for review.

BREED RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS

Russian Blue Mix

The patient is anesthetized and intubated during the examination.

SEX

FS

Nasal passages are symmetrically well aerated. There is no evidence of visible nasal mass lesion or destruction or displacement seen at the level of the caudal soft palate and nasopharynx. There is a soft tissue opacity superimposed onto the nasopharyngeal airway on the lateral view. The opacity does not appear to be confirmed as a discrete lesion on orthogonal projections and is most consistent with normal superimposition of adjacent soft tissues including digastricus muscle (caudal portion), longus capitis muscle and regional pharyngeal musculature. Mild regional soft tissue prominence cannot be entirely excluded but is not convincingly pathologic.

AGE

1yr

The tympanic bulla are aerated and normal in appearance.

No bony lysis is seen.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

The ear canals present within normal limits.

The temporomandibular joints, neurocranium and facial bones present within normal limits.

HOSPITAL NAME RADIOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

For Cats Only

- Normal skull radiographic study including normal tympanic bulla
- No radiographic evidence of discrete nasopharyngeal soft tissue mass lesion

REFERRING VET INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

Renee Ziegler-Post

The opacity at the level of the caudal soft palate and caudal nasopharynx is most consistent with normal anatomic summation of pharyngeal muscles (digastricus longus capitis) and associated soft tissues less likely: mild regional soft tissue prominence or early lymph node enlargement of the retropharyngeal lymph center.

INVOICE

24514

Consider rhinoscopy or nasopharyngoscopy for direct evaluation and CT of the head if clinical signs (stertor) persist or worsen.

DATE

04/15/2026



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

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HOSPITAL NAME

For Cats Only

REFERRING VET

Renee Ziegler-Post

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